



**Making Life
Healthy and
Delicious!**

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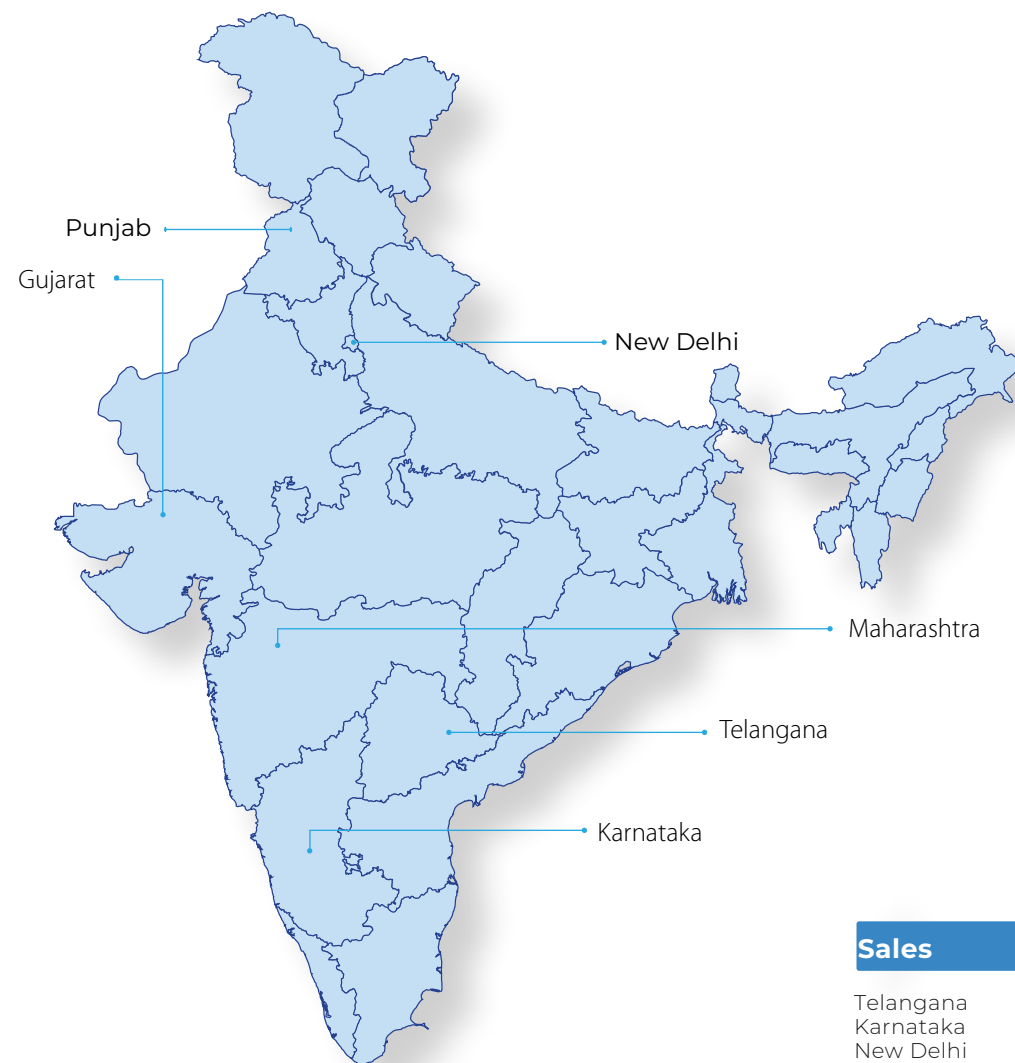
Making Life Healthy and Delicious!

Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited aims at bringing the Deliciously French experience to India with its yogurt brand Mamie Yova. Through a strong product portfolio, the company is committed to making life healthy and delicious.



Company Profile

Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited (HNFPL) is a 50:50 Joint Venture between Heritage Foods Limited and Novandie, France, started in 2017. With a combined legacy of close to nine decades from its parent companies, HNFPL aims at bringing the Deliciously French experience with the brand Mamie Yova to India. The brand Mamie Yova depicts Frenchness, guilt-free indulgence and pleasure, with surprises that are full of nourishment and fulfillment. Our presence is well-established in both the modern trade and e-commerce retail. Our Company has created deeply entrenched distribution network with products sold across 6 states in India which includes 600+ retail outlets in the General Trade Outlets and a Strong presence in e-commerce retail.



Sales

Telangana
Karnataka
New Delhi
Punjab
Maharashtra
Gujarat

Our Products

Yogurt is derived from fermenting milk with specific bacteria strains. With a unique thick, smooth and creamy texture, yogurt is healthy and tasty. Our French recipes have evolved over decades to give it a wider application. This makes yogurt a perfect companion for a variety of meals and preparations.

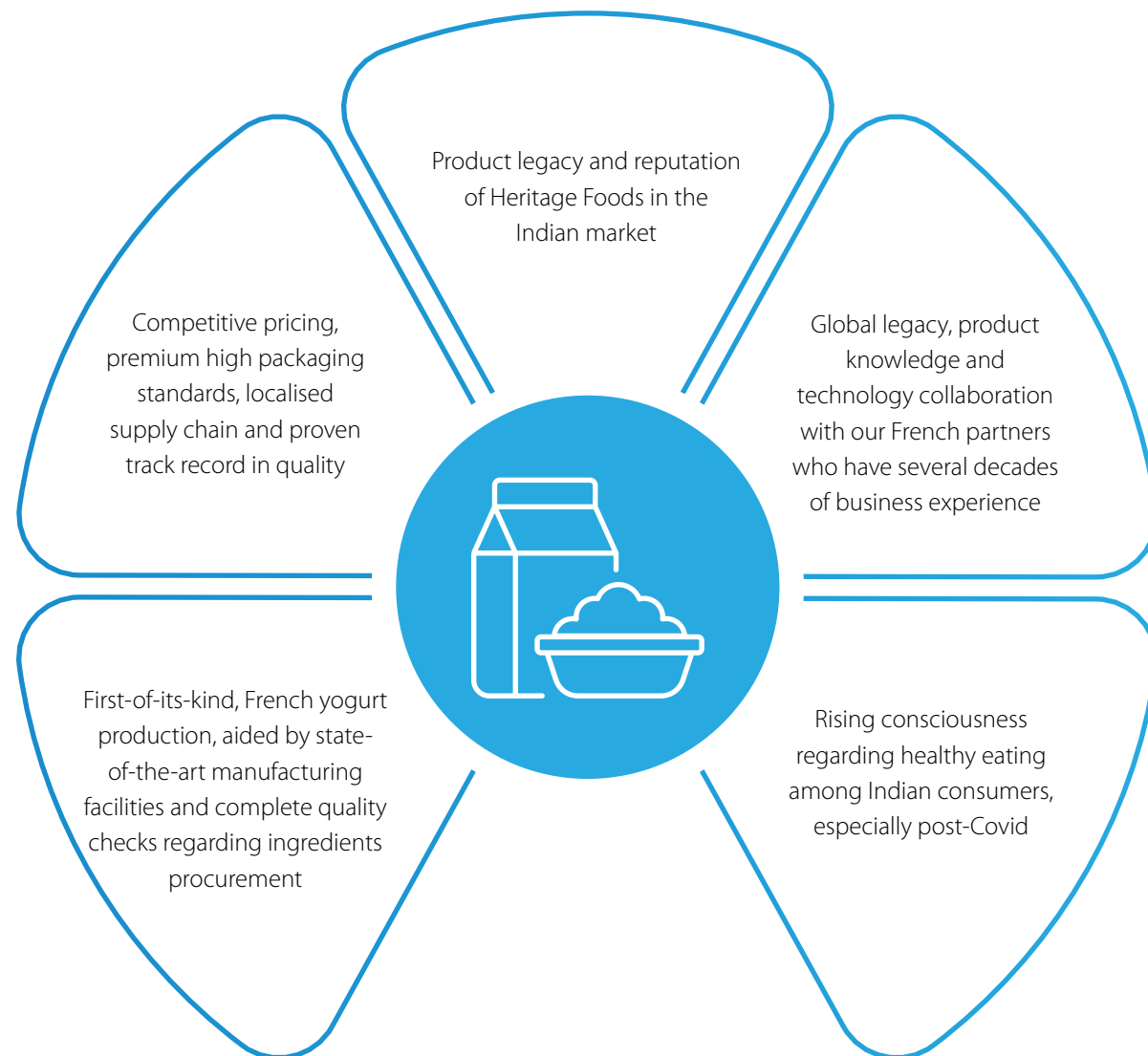


Heritage of France, Perfected Since 1973.



Growth Drivers

Anchored on quality, innovation and customer-centricity, HNFPL is well-poised to capitalise on the consumption upswing in India, led by a more prosperous middle-class. Numerous factors position the company well for the future.



Financial Update



Expansion plans for the HoReCa industry

Our yogurt range's natural extended shelf life makes it an attractive proposition for the HoReCa industry.

We have a limited presence in the snack bars and yogurt stands of co-working spaces and hotels.

As hospitality makes a comeback, we will expand our footprint in the industry, starting from Mumbai and in other geographies, we are present.

We are also looking at airline services, hotel partners and catering service providers for the next phase of our growth.

HO
Hotel

RE
Restaurant

CA
Café

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Mrs. Nara Brahmani

Director

Mrs. Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

Mr. Srivishnu Raju Nandyala

Director

(upto 21.10.2023)

Mr. Hays Jean Yves

Director

Mr. Angara Venkata Girijakumar

Director

(w.e.f. 09.11.2023)

Senior Management

Mr. Anmol Anandkumar Choubey

Chief Executive Officer

(upto 27.09.2023)

Mr. Ahaenath Kumar

Chief Executive Officer

(w.e.f. 30.09.2023)

Mr. Aquib Khan

Company Secretary

(upto 07.01.2024)

Mr. Rahul Singh

Company Secretary

(w.e.f. 19.02.2024)

Registered Office

Part-C of 3rd Floor, H.No.8-2-
293/82/A/1286, Plot No: 1286, Road
no. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad-
500033, Telangana, India

Factory Address

Survey No. 13/1, Durves Village, Palghar
Tahasil, Thane Zone - 10, Maharashtra
- 401401

Statutory Auditor

M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Address: Unit No - 1, 10th Floor, My Home Twitza
APIIC, Hyderabad Knowledge City, Hyderabad - 500 081
Telangana, India

Secretarial Auditor

M/s. KLB & Associates

Vamsy Span Collective Homes
Mayuri Marg, Begumpet
Hyderabad - 500 016

Internal Auditor

M/s. GMJ & Co.

Address: 3rd floor, Vaastu Darshan, above Central Bank
Azad Lane, Andheri East, Mumbai - 400 069

Bankers

ICICI Bank

Begumpet Branch
Hyderabad, Telangana

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the seventh (7th) Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited will be held on Friday, 16th August, 2024 at 2:30 PM (IST) at the registered office of the Company at Part-C of 3rd Floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana- 500033, India, to transact the following business(es):

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt:

The Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors' thereon and in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolutions as an Ordinary Resolutions:

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon as circulated to the members be and are hereby considered and adopted."

Registered Office:

Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286,
Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills,
Hyderabad, Telangana - 500033 India
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860

Place : Hyderabad

Date : May 22, 2024

SPECIAL BUSINESS

2. Approval of Related Party Transactions:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof, approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for the Related Party Transactions with Heritage Foods Limited for FY 2024-25 based on the expected value of transactions of Rs.50 Millions, which is exceeding 10% of the turnover of the Company for FY 2023-24.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company, be and is hereby authorized to do or cause to be done all such acts, matters, deeds and things and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise with regard to any transactions with related parties and execute such agreements, documents and writings and to make such filings, as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."

By Order of the Board

Rahul Singh

Company Secretary

M. No.: ACS 72811

Notes:

1. **A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT ANOTHER PERSON AS A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING ON HIS / HER BEHALF AND SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR THE AGM AND HENCE, THE PROXY FORM AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE ANNEXED HERETO.**
2. Proxies in order to be effective must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
3. In terms of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 a person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other shareholder.
4. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representative(s) to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to forward a certified copy of Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Annual General Meeting either to the Company in advance or submit the same at the venue of the General Meeting.
5. Members/ Proxies/ Authorized Representatives attending the Meeting should bring the Admission Slip, duly filled, for handing over at the venue of the meeting.
6. A statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Act, relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the AGM is provided in the Notice.
7. Since, the AGM will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is annexed hereto.
8. Pursuant to Section 101 and Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Rules made there under, Companies can serve Annual Reports and other communications through electronic mode to those members who have registered their e-mail address either with the Company or with the Depository. In cases where any member has not registered his/ her e-mail address with the company are requested to register as soon as possible.
9. M/s. Walker Chandiook & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (FRN 001076N/N500013), Hyderabad, was appointed as the Statutory Auditor of the Company at the 3rd Annual General Meeting held on Friday, August 21, 2020, in pursuant to section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Audit and Accounts) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification and amendment thereof) to hold the office till the conclusion of the 8th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the Year 2025.
10. Pursuant to notification no: G.S.R 432(E) issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 7th May, 2018 amending Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under, the mandatory requirement for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditor by the members at the every Annual General Meeting (AGM) has been omitted and hence the Board is not proposing to the members for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors at this AGM. The Board of Directors is empowered to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor on yearly basis.

Registered Office:

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Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills,
Hyderabad, Telangana - 500033 India
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860

Place : Hyderabad

Date : May 22, 2024

By Order of the Board

Rahul Singh

Company Secretary

M. No.: ACS 72811

Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Item No. 2:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 ('Rules'), the Company is required to obtain consent of the Board of Directors and prior approval of the members by way of ordinary resolution, in case of certain material transactions with related parties which exceeds such sum as is specified in the said Rules. For this purpose, a transaction is considered material, if the transaction/transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a Financial Year exceed 10% of the turnover of the Company, as per the last audited financial statements of the Company.

The Company is a 50:50 Joint Venture of M/s. Heritage Foods Limited, Hyderabad, India and

M/s. Novandie, France. The company has arrangements with Heritage Foods Limited for purchase of milk and other dairy products, and has taken the plant on lease from Heritage Foods Limited and it may have some other transactions during the FY 2024-25 with Heritage Foods Limited, the expected value of purchase transaction is ₹ 50 millions for the Financial Year 2024-25, which are anticipated to exceed 10% of the turnover of the Company during the preceding financial year ended 31st March, 2024 (i.e. ₹ 41.46 million). Thus, these transactions would require the approval of the Members by way of Ordinary Resolution.

Pursuant to the requirements prescribed under the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, the details in relation to the transactions with related parties, are as under:

Nature of Transactions as per Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013:

S. No	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Details of Transactions	Tentative Amount For FY 2024-25 (Rs in Million)
1	Heritage Foods Limited	Parent Company	Purchase of dairy products	35.00
			Financial guarantee expense	2.50
			Lease rental expense	1.50
			Expenditure incurred on behalf of HNFPL	10.00
			Others	1.00

Name of the Related Party: Heritage Foods Limited

The Indicative base price or current contracted price depends upon the terms of contract.

Name of Director who is related: Mrs. Nara Brahmani and Mr. Angara Venkata Girijakumar

Nature, Material Terms, Monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement: The Company Purchases Milk & other dairy products from Heritage Foods Limited and having some other transactions during the FY 2024-25 with an expected value of transactions Rs.29 Millions which is expected to exceed 10% of the turnover of the Company for the FY 2023-24.

Any Other Information relevant or important for the Members to take decision on the proposed

resolution: The Purchase price for the purchase of milk and other dairy products shall be decided, based on the prevailing market rate.

No Shareholder of the Company except Heritage Foods Limited are related party or having interest in the Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 2 of the Notice.

Except Mrs. Nara Brahmani and Mr. Angara Venkata Girijakumar, who are also on the Board of Heritage Foods Limited and their relatives to the extent of their shareholding or directorship, none of the Directors and their respective relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution at Item No. 2

Your Directors recommend the resolution set forth in Item No. 2 as Ordinary Resolution for the approval of the members.

Registered Office:

Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286,
Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills,
Hyderabad, Telangana - 500033 India
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860

Place : Hyderabad
Date : May 22, 2024

By Order of the Board

Rahul Singh
Company Secretary
M. No.: ACS 72811

Board's Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the seventh (7th) Annual Report of the business and operations of your Company ("Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited") together with Audited Statements of Accounts standalone for the year ended 31st March 2024.

Financial Results

During the year under review, performance of your company is as under:

(₹ In Million)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Turnover	41.46	27.63
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	(130.84)	(171.28)
Less: Tax Expense	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(130.84)	(171.28)

Company's affairs and future outlook:

The Board hereby presents the operational highlights specifying growth in terms of volume of the key products of the Company. The Company had started its commercial production on February 16, 2021 and launched French Yoghurt brand 'Mamie Yova' in India. The Company also deals in stirred fruit yoghurts in Mango, Strawberry, Lychee and Blueberry flavours, "Yo Pop", drinkable yogurt, available in Banana, Vanilla, Pina Colada and Mango flavours.

During the year under review, the Company earned a total income of ₹ 47.48 Million and expenses

incurred of ₹178.32 Million. The Net Profit/(Loss) after tax was ₹ (130.84) Million.

As the Company is in its initial phase so turnover values are low. The Board is continuously mulling on how to increase the revenues and make Company break even. Despite less revenue the Board is optimistic on future performance of the Company and is taking necessary actions from time to time for making the financial position strong.

The Company has not changed its nature of business during the year under review.

Share Capital:

The Authorised Share capital of the Company as on 31st March 2024 was ₹ 16,00,00,000/- (Rupees sixteen Crores only) divided into 1,60,00,000 equity shares @10/- each and Issued, Subscribed, Paid-up Equity Share Capital as on March 31, 2024 was ₹ 12,92,94,540/- (Rupees Twelve Crore Ninety-Two Lakh Ninety-Four Thousand Five Hundred and Forty Only) divided into 1,29,29,454 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each.

After closing of the financial year but before the signing of Board's Report the Issued, Subscribed, Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company was increased from ₹ 12,92,94,540/- to ₹ 15,99,06,780/- divided into 1,59,90,678 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, as the Company has made following allotment to the shareholders of the Company on right basis.

Allotment No.	Board Meeting	Name of the Shareholders	Allotment Price(Rs.)	Shares Alloted
1	10.05.2024	Heritage Food Limited	10/- (Face Value) + 39 /- (Premium)	15,30,612
2	10.05.2024	Novandie	10/- (Face Value) + 39 /- (Premium)	15,30,612

Compliance with the provisions of Secretarial Standard-1 and Secretarial Standard-2:

The applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e., SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings' respectively, have been duly complied by the Company.

Transfer to General Reserves:

Your directors do not propose to transfer any amount to General Reserves for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

Particulars of Contract or Arrangements made with Related Parties:

The particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties as per the Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 entered by the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 in prescribed Form AOC-2, as required to be provided under section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013, annexed to this Board's Report (**Annexure-I**).

Further, there were no materially significant related party transactions held during the FY 2023-24 with Promoters, Directors and their relatives, or any other related parties which may have potential conflict with interest of the company at large. The details of the related party transactions during the year are part of the notes on Accounts forming part of the Annual Report.

Annual Return:

Pursuant to section 92(3) read with 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Annual Return for FY 2023-24 will be hosted on the Company's Website <https://www.heriatgefoods.in/jv/hnfpl-annualreturn> after the Annual Return is filed with the Jurisdictional ROC.

Dividend:

During the year under review the Company has not declared any interim dividend and not proposed any Final dividend.

Investor Education And Protection Fund (IEPF):

As per the provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules made there under, no amount was required to be transferred by the Company in IEPF during the year under review.

Board Meetings and Annual General Meetings::

During the Financial Year 2023-24, Eight (8) Meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held on 12th April, 2023, 17th May, 2023, 28th July, 2023, 17th October, 2023, 09th November, 2023, 23rd January, 2024, 14th February, 2024 and 15th March, 2024.

During the Financial Year the Annual General Meeting (AGM) and an Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EOGM) of the Company were held on 18th August, 2023 and 04th December 2023 respectively.

Directors and KMP:

During the year under review Mr. Srivishnu Raju Nandyala (DIN: 00025063), Non-Executive Director resigned from the Board w.e.f. 21.10.2023 and Mr. Angara Venkata Girijakumar (DIN: 02921377) was appointed as a Non-executive Director on the Board w.e.f. 09.11.2023. Mr. Anmol Anandkumar Choubey, CEO of the Company resigned from the company w.e.f. 27.09.2023 and Mr. Ahaenath Kumar was appointed as the CEO of the Company w.e.f. 30.09.2023. Mr. Aquib Khan (Membership no: ACS 64566), Company Secretary of the Company resigned from the Company w.e.f. 07.01.2024 and Mr. Rahul Singh (Membership no: ACS 72811) was appointed as the whole time Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 19.02.2024.

There has been no other change in the Board of Directors or the KMPs of the Company during the financial year under review.

Subsidiary/Associate/Joint Venture Companies:

The Company does not have any Subsidiary or Joint Venture or Associate Company during the year. However, Your Company is a 50:50 Joint Venture of M/s. Heritage Foods Limited, Hyderabad, India and M/s. Novandie, France.

Details of Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals:

During the year under review, there were no material significant orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

Details in respect of adequacy of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements:

Your Company has adequate internal financial controls commensurate with the size of the business and nature of its operations, designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation and provision of reliable financial statements.

Risk Management:

The Board of Directors of the Company are overseeing the Risk assessment, Risk Identification & Risk Monitoring functions and taking the necessary actions wherever required.

Statutory Auditors:

Pursuant to the provision of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Members of the Company at the 03rd Annual General Meeting held on 21st August, 2020, approved the appointment of M/s. Walker Chandio & Co LLP (Firm's Registration No : 001076N/N500013), Hyderabad, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a continuing period of 5 years till the conclusion of 08th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2025.

They have submitted the Auditors' Report (UDIN: 24207660BKERHM7787) dated 22nd May, 2024, for Financial Year 2023-24. The Auditor's Report is unmodified and it does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer.

Secretarial Auditor:

Mrs. Khusboo Laxmi Agrawal (M No: 9376, CP No: 14703), Practicing Company Secretary, was appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and any amendment made thereafter. The secretarial audit report (UDIN: F009376F000353821) dated 11th May, 2024 for financial year 2023-24 issued by Mrs. Khusboo Laxmi Agrawal (M No: 9376, CP No: 14703), Practicing Company Secretary in form MR-3 is provided in the Annexure-II of the Board's report.

The Secretarial Auditor's Report is self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

The Board has appointed Mrs. Khusboo Laxmi Bhagat, (M No: 9376, CP No: 14703), Practicing

Company Secretary, as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Internal Auditor:

M/s. GMJ & Co, Chartered Accountant a Mumbai based firm was appointed to conduct the Internal audit of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 under Provisions of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and any amendment made thereafter.

The Board has re-appointed M/s. GMJ & Co, Chartered Accountant a Mumbai base firm as the Internal Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost Auditors:

Your company is not required to maintain and cause audit of the Cost records as the products manufactured by the company are not notified for maintenance of cost records under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended.

Declaration as per Section 134(3)(ca) of the Companies Act, 2013:

During the year, the auditors has not reported any instances of frauds committed by or against the Company by its Directors/Officers/ Employees to the Board under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereof. Therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134 (3) (ca) of the Act.

Particulars of Loans given, Investments made, Guarantees Given or security provided by the Company:

During the financial year the Company has neither given loans, guarantees or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person nor invested by way of subscription, purchase or otherwise, in the securities of any other body corporate under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Material changes & commitments affecting the financial position of the company between the end of financial year and the date of report:

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company between the end of the financial years and the date of this report.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

Your Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy as per the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act"). During the year under review, no complaints with allegations of sexual harassment were filed. The details are as follows:

Sl no	Particulars	Status of the No. of complaints received and disposed of
1	Number of complaints on sexual harassment received	Nil
2	Number of complaints disposed off during the year	Nil
3	Number of cases pending for more than ninety days	Not Applicable
4	Nature of action taken by the employer or district officer	Not Applicable

Particulars of Employees:

None of the employees have received the remuneration of ₹ 1.02 Crore in whole year or ₹ 8.50 Lakhs per month employed part of the year as per the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Statement of Particulars of Employees, pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, no employees comes under these provisions during the year under review. However the top ten employees of the company in terms of remuneration drawn are as follows:

Sl no	Employee Name	Designation	Annual Gross Remuneration Received for FY 23-24 (in Million)	Qualification	Year of Total Experience	Date of Joining	Age (Yrs)	Last Employment before Joining the Company	No of Equity Shares held
1	*Anmol Choubey	CEO	1.87	MBA – Marketing	15+ years	23.11.2022	46	Enzu Life Pvt Ltd	NIL
2	Ahaenath Kumar	CEO	1.79	PG Diploma In Business Management (Marketing)	14+ years	30.09.2023	40	Shopkiran Pvt. Ltd. / Direct Powered by shopkiran	NIL
3	Karan Rohra	Manager- F & A	1.32	Chartered Accountant	8+ years	02.05.2023	29	ATG Global Logistic	NIL
4	*Akshay Krishna Mahadik	Head HR	1.21	MBA – HR	10+ years	11.03.2020	32	Aarav Fragrances & Flavors Pvt Ltd	NIL
5	Jahangeer Jogini	ASM	1.06	B.Com	10+ years	01.06.2021	42	Hindsiam Bevs Pvt Ltd	NIL
6	Rakesh Ganeshdutt Pandey	SCM	1.05	MBA Operations	11+ years	27.04.2021	39	Drools	NIL
7	*Mangesh Raut	MANAGER - QC	0.92	Master Of Food Technology & Management	6+ years	28.10.2021	33	VKL Seasoning Pvt. Ltd.	NIL
8	Kamlesh Jain	NSM	0.90	Bachelor Of Commerrance	12+ years	11.05.2023	32	Intello Labs	NIL
9	*Subhasree Bagchi	Manager-Marketing	0.66	MBA	10+ years	08.03.2022	36	Tralata	NIL
10	Nitikesh Shashikant Bombatkar	Asst. Manager-Maintenace	0.61	Bachelor Of Engineering (Mechanical)	5+ years	05.05.2020	31	Sunfresh Agro Industries Pvt. Ltd.	NIL

*Mr. Anmol Choubey, Mr. Akshay Krishna Mahadik, Mr. Mangesh Raut and Mrs. Subhasree Bagchi have resigned from the Company w.e.f. 27th September, 2023, 16th February, 2024, 29th February, 2024 and 27th September, 2023 respectively.

All the above employees are permanent employees of the Company, and they are not relatives of any Director of the company. None of the employees are working outside of India.

Details under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016:

No application is made, or any proceeding is pending against the Company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during or as at the end of the year under review.

Details of One Time Settlement:

The Company did not avail any One Time Settlement (OTS) from banks or Financial Institutions and hence giving disclosures on valuation of assets/securities at the time of borrowing and at the time of OTS are not applicable.

Conservation of Energy/Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

The information required to be given pursuant to Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to Conservation of Energy/Technology absorption is attached in Annexure-III

Public Deposits:

The Company has not accepted any deposits including deemed deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013, i.e. within the meaning of Section 2(31) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 2(1)(c) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and as such there are no such overdue deposits outstanding as on 31st March, 2024.

Cash Flow Statement:

In conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and Accounting Standard – III under Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on March 31, 2024 is attached as a part of the Financial Statement of the Company.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR):

As per the criteria laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, for the Financial Year 2023-24 CSR provisions are not applicable to the Company.

Directors Responsibility Statement:

In conformity with the provisions under Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 your directors confirm that:-

- In the preparation of the annual accounts for Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that there are no material departures.
- The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and of the profit & loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis; and
- The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Acknowledgment:

The Board take this opportunity to thank all stakeholders and Statutory Authorities for their continued support during the year. The Board also wishes to place on record its sincere appreciation of the effort/contribution made by its employees.

By Order of the Board

Nara Brahmani

Director

DIN: 02338940

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

DIN: 08005149

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 22nd May, 2024

Place: Goa

Date: 22nd May, 2024

Annexure - I

FORM NO. AOC.2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length: NIL

All the contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended 31st March, 2024 were at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

2. Details of contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length: Nil

The Company has not entered into any material contracts or arrangement or transactions with any of the related parties during the FY 2023-24. However the details of non-material contracts or arrangement or transactions entered at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the company for FY 2023-24 are given below:

(Amt. ₹ in Millions)

Sl No	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Value of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions during the Year	Duration of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions
1.	Heritage Foods Limited	Shareholder Company	Lease Rental Expenses	1.25	On Yearly basis
			Financial Guarantee Expenses	2.20	During the Financial year 2023-24
			Expenditure incurred on behalf of HNFPL	8.08	During the Financial year 2023-24
			Sale of products	-	Purchase order/Invoice
			Purchase of Milk	10.87	Purchase order/Invoice
2.	Nara Brahmani	Director of the Company	Rent for Registered office of the Company	0.07	Paid during the F.Y. 2023-24
3.	Master Nara Devaansh	Immediate relative of Director	Rent for Registered office of the Company	0.07	Paid during the F.Y. 2023-24

Note: Appropriate approvals has been taken from the Board for the above related party transactions by the Company and no amount paid in advance for the above related party transactions.

By Order of the Board

Nara Brahmani

Director

DIN: 02338940

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

DIN: 08005149

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 22nd May, 2024

Place: Goa

Date: 22nd May, 2024

FORM No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial year ended 31st March, 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860
Part-C of 3rd Floor, H.No.8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No: 1286,
Road no. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad- 500033, Telangana, India

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited (herein after called the "Company"). Secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's, books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under as amended from time to time;
- (ii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;

- (iii) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment;

- (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the company:-

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; Not Applicable
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; Not Applicable
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time; Not Applicable
- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not Applicable

- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable.
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018; Not Applicable
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; Not Applicable
- (v) The other laws, as informed and certified by the management of the Company which are specifically applicable to the Company are:
 - a) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and the Rules made thereunder as amended from time to time;
 - b) The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 and the Rules made thereunder as amended from time to time.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following as amended from time to time:

- i. Secretarial Standards ("SS") as amended from time to time issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI").

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that, the Company has, in my opinion generally complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under that Act as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, with regard to

- a) Maintenance of various statutory registers and documents and making necessary entries therein.
- b) Forms, returns, documents and resolutions required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies and the Central Government.
- c) The Annual General Meeting held on 18th August, 2023.
- d) Minutes of the proceedings of General meetings and of the Board Meetings.
- e) Constitution of the Board of Directors, appointment, retirement and reappointment of Directors including the Managing Director

and Whole time Directors and Company Secretary. During the year under review Mr. N Srivishnu Raju (DIN: 00025063), Non Executive Director resigned from the Board w.e.f. 21.10.2023 and Mr. Angara Venkata Girija kumar (DIN: 02921377) was appointed as a Non-executive Director on the Board w.e.f. 09.11.2023. Mr. Anmol Choubey, CEO resigned from the company w.e.f. 27.09.2023 and Mr. Ahaenath Kumar was appointed as the CEO of the Company w.e.f. 30.09.2023. Mr. Aquib Khan (Membership no. ACS 64566), Company Secretary resigned from the Company w.e.f. 07.01.2024 and Mr. Rahul Singh (Membership no. ACS 72811), appointed as a whole time Company Secretary w.e.f. 19.02.2024.

- f) During the year under review the Board of Directors met 8 times, i.e. 12th April, 2023, 17th May, 2023, 28th July, 2023, 17th October, 2023, 09th November, 2023, 23rd January, 2024, 14th February, 2024 and 15th March, 2024. The time gap between the two Board meetings is within 120 days.

- g) the year under review, no payment of remuneration was made to Directors.

I further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has generally complied with the applicable laws applicable specifically to the Company.

I further report that, based on the information received and records maintained there are adequate systems and process in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the company made rights issue of 19,50,000 equity shares at a price of Rs.100/- per share (Face value @ Rs.10/- and a premium of Rs.90/- per share) fully paid-up to the existing equity shareholders of the Company pursuant to the provisions of section 62(1)(a) and section 39 Companies Act, 2013.

For KLB & Associates
SD/-

CS Khusboo Laxmi Bhagat

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 11th May, 2024

M. No: 9376, CP No: 14703
UDIN: FO09376F000353821
PR No. 3403/2023

Annexure-A to Secretarial Audit Report

To,
The Members,
Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860
Part-C of 3rd Floor, H.No.8-2-293/82/A/1286,
Plot No: 1286, Road no. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills,
Hyderabad- 500033, Telangana, India

Auditor's Responsibility

Based on audit, our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records by the Company. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards CSAS 1 to CSAS 4 (CSAS) prescribed by the Institute of the Company Secretaries of India (ICSI). These standards require that the auditor complies with statutory and regulatory requirements and plans and performs the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there may be unavoidable risk that may some misstatements or non-compliance may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the CSAS. Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- a) Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- b) We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on a test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the

processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

- c) We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- d) Wherever required, we have obtained Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
- e) The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- f) The Secretarial Audit is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management conducted the affairs of the Company.

For KLB & Associates

SD/-

CS Khusboo Laxmi Bhagat

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 11th May, 2024

M. No: 9376, CP No: 14703
UDIN: F009376F000353821
PR No. 3403/2023

Annexure - III

Particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

A. Conservation of Energy

Your Company is committed to looking for innovative ways to optimize the energy mix towards cleaner, more efficient forms of energy increasing share of renewable energy sources, while continuing to reduce consumption.

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy
 - Keeping a tab on the daily water, electricity and coal utilization for future optimisation
 - Plan to use solar power for factory lighting in the future
 - Production schedule planned with energy optimization
- ii. The steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy - As above
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's - Nil

B. Technology Absorption:

- i. The efforts made by the Company towards technology absorption: the company has not imported nor acquired any technology nor has any technical tie-ups with any person and therefore, the particulars required to be given for technology absorption are not applicable.
- ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution – Nil
- iii. The Expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo: Nil

However, during the FY 2023-24 the Company has received an amount of INR 97.50 Million as equity share capital from one of its shareholder viz. Novandie, France.

By Order of the Board

Nara Brahmani

Director

DIN: 02338940

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22nd May, 2024

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

DIN: 08005149

Place: Goa
Date: 22nd May, 2024

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its loss (including other comprehensive loss), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing

and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under Section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and

perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit

and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

11. Based on our audit, we report that the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company since the Company is not a public company as defined under Section 2(71) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) is not applicable.
12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(g)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other

matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(g)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Company does not have any pending litigation(s) which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
 - iv.
 - a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 39(i) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and

- belief, as disclosed in note 39(ii) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software TCSion, which is operated by a Service Organisation for maintaining its books of account and in absence of an 'Independent Service Auditor's Assurance Report on the Description of Controls, their Design and Operating Effectiveness' ('Type 2 report' issued in accordance with SAE 3402, Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organisation), we are unable to comment on whether audit trail feature of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software or whether there were any instances of audit trail feature being tampered with.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sanjay Kumar Jain

Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Membership No.: 207660

Date: 22 May 2024

UDIN: 24207660BKERHM7787

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
- (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in Note 6(ii) to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records.
- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees by banks on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs) or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a)

above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year and there has been no utilisation during the current year of the term loans obtained by the Company during any previous years. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under Section 177 of the Act.

(xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system as per the provisions of Section 138 of the Act. However, the Company has an internal audit system which, in our opinion, is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.

(xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial years amounting to ₹108.85 and ₹149.39 million respectively.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting

the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

(xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not meet the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sanjay Kumar Jain

Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Membership No.: 207660

Date: 22 May 2024

UDIN: 24207660BKERHM7787

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

		As at	
Notes		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	6	334.37	349.17
(b) Right-of-use assets	6	10.19	10.60
(c) Capital work-in-progress	7	-	0.08
(d) Intangible assets	8	0.31	0.55
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Other financial assets	9	0.74	0.61
(f) Other non-current assets	10	4.52	6.88
Total non-current assets		350.13	367.89
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	11	17.95	9.52
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	12	5.76	4.24
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	30.74	12.95
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13	0.56	0.56
(iv) Other financial assets	9	1.51	0.34
(c) Current tax assets (net)		0.40	0.13
(d) Other current assets	10	35.07	23.78
(e) Assets included in disposal groups classified as held for sale		-	7.54
Total current assets		91.99	59.06
Total assets		442.12	426.95
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	14	129.29	109.79
(b) Other equity	15	215.52	168.89
Total equity		344.81	278.68
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	35.22	63.55
(ia) Lease Liabilities	17	13.13	13.03
(b) Provisions	20	0.61	0.42
Total non-current liabilities		48.96	77.00
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	28.33	46.66
(ia) Lease Liabilities	17	1.40	1.09
(ii) Trade payables	21		
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.05	1.01
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		8.18	10.02
(iii) Other financial liabilities	18	9.10	10.04
(b) Other current liabilities	19	0.69	0.74
(c) Provisions	20	0.60	1.71
Total current liabilities		48.35	71.27
Total equity and liabilities		442.12	426.95

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandio & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sanjay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No: 207660

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Nara Brahmani

Director

DIN: 02338940

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 22 May 2024

Ahaenath Kumar

Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai

Date: 22 May 2024

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

DIN: 08005149

Place: Goa

Date: 22 May 2024

Rahul Singh

Company Secretary

M. No: ACS 72811

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 22 May 2024

Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	22	41.46	27.63
Other income	23	6.02	3.68
Total income		47.48	31.31
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	24	40.08	46.54
Changes in inventories of finished goods	25	(2.19)	(0.28)
Employee benefits expense	26	36.13	47.01
Finance costs	27	11.88	14.27
Depreciation and amortisation expense	28	21.99	21.89
Other expenses	29	70.43	73.16
Total expenses		178.32	202.59
Loss before tax		(130.84)	(171.28)
Tax expense		-	-
Loss for the year		(130.84)	(171.28)
Other comprehensive income, net of taxes		1.47	0.83
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(129.37)	(170.45)
Earnings per equity share [EPES]			
Par value per equity share (in absolute ₹ terms)		10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares		1,28,76,029	1,03,37,787
Basic and Diluted EPES (in absolute ₹ terms)		(10.05)	(16.49)

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Sanjay Kumar Jain
Partner
Membership No: 207660

Nara Brahmani
Director
DIN: 02338940

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand
Director
DIN: 08005149

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Goa
Date: 22 May 2024

Ahaenath Kumar
Chief Executive Officer

Rahul Singh
Company Secretary
M. No: ACS 72811

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Mumbai
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Statement of Cash Flow

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(130.84)	(171.28)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	21.99	21.89
Interest income	(5.82)	(1.51)
Interest expenses	9.68	12.09
Operating loss before working capital changes	(104.99)	(138.81)
Adjustments for:		
Changes in inventories	(8.43)	(5.34)
Changes in trade receivables	(1.52)	1.68
Changes in financial and other assets	(2.69)	(8.65)
Changes in financial and other liabilities	(0.99)	4.44
Changes in trade payables	(2.80)	4.12
Change in provisions	0.55	0.60
Cash used in operating activities	(120.87)	(141.96)
Income taxes refund, net	(0.27)	(0.13)
Net cash used in operating activities (a)	(121.14)	(142.09)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of PPE and other intangible assets, including CWIP	(6.46)	(24.10)
Interest received	5.82	1.54
Net cash used in investing activities (b)	(0.64)	(22.56)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	195.50	110.00
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(28.33)	(28.34)
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) short term borrowings	(18.33)	18.29
Interest paid	(8.19)	(12.82)
Lease rentals paid	(1.08)	(0.99)
Net cash generated from financing activities (c)	139.57	86.14
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the year (a+b+c)	17.79	(78.51)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	12.95	91.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 1)	30.74	12.95

Note 1:

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash and cash equivalents includes		
Balances with banks in current accounts	3.24	3.05
Deposits with original maturity up to 3 months	27.50	9.90
	30.74	12.95

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Sanjay Kumar Jain
Partner
Membership No: 207660

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Nara Brahmani
Director
DIN: 02338940

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Ahaenath Kumar
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 22 May 2024

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand
Director
DIN: 08005149

Place: Goa
Date: 22 May 2024

Rahul Singh
Company Secretary
M. No: ACS 72811

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

A Equity Share Capital

	Notes	Number of shares	Amount
As at 31 March 2022		98,79,454	98.79
Equity shares issued during the year	14	11,00,000	11.00
As at 31 March 2023		1,09,79,454	109.79
Equity shares issued during the year	14	19,50,000	19.50
As at 31 March 2024		1,29,29,454	129.29

B. Other Equity (refer note 15)

	Reserves and Surplus			OCI	
	Securities premium	Equity contribution from Joint Venturers	Retained Earnings / (Deficit)	Remeasurement gain	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	415.11	12.90	(188.17)	-	239.84
Issue of equity shares	99.00	-	-	-	99.00
Loss for the year	-	-	(171.28)	-	(171.28)
Equity contribution from Joint Venturers	-	0.50	-	-	0.50
Other Comprehensive gain, net of taxes	-	-	0.83	-	0.83
Balance as at 31 March 2023	514.11	13.40	(358.62)	-	168.89
Issue of equity shares	175.50	-	-	-	175.50
Loss for the year	-	-	(130.84)	-	(130.84)
Equity like contribution from Joint Venturers	-	0.50	-	-	0.50
Other Comprehensive gain, net of taxes	-	-	1.47	-	1.47
Balance as at 31 March 2024	689.61	13.90	(487.99)	-	215.52

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Sanjay Kumar Jain
Partner
Membership No: 207660

Nara Brahmani
Director
DIN: 02338940

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand
Director
DIN: 08005149

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Goa
Date: 22 May 2024

Ahaenath Kumar
Chief Executive Officer

Rahul Singh
Company Secretary
M. No: ACS 72811

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Mumbai
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1. Corporate information

Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited ("HNFPL" or "the Company") is a Private Limited Company incorporated in India having its registered office at #H.No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No: 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad – 500033, Telangana, India. The Company has been incorporated on 28 November 2017. The Company is a Joint Venture (JV) of Heritage Foods Limited, India and Novandie, France with 50:50 shareholding and equal Board composition. The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and selling of fruit and flavoured yogurts. The Company's principal location of operation is situated at Palghar, Maharashtra, India.

2. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time and presentation requirement of Division II of Schedule III to the Act, including the amendments to Schedule III notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its notification dated 24 March 2021. The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented.

These financial statements have been prepared by the Company as a going concern on the basis of relevant Ind-AS that are effective or elected for early adoption at the Company's annual reporting date, 31 March 2024. These financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on 22 May 2024.

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

- (a) Financial assets are measured at either at fair value or at amortised cost depending upon the classification.
- (b) Employee defined benefits assets / (liability) are recognised as the net total of the fair value of plan assets, plus actuarial

losses, less actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligations.

- (c) Long-term borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method; and
- (d) Right-of-use assets are recognised at present value of lease payments, that are not paid at that date, adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, lease incentives received and initial direct cost incurred, if any.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Summary of material accounting policies

a. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

b. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to

the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, and for non-recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

c. Revenue recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from manufacturing and selling of fruit and flavoured yogurt.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue is measured on the basis of transaction price, after deduction of any discounts and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government such as goods and services tax, etc. Discounts are recognised in accordance

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

with the schemes implemented by the Company. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs; or
- The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and an entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products is recognised at the time when performance obligation is satisfied.

d. Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss except to the

extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the Balance Sheet approach on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, the cost of replacing the part of plant and equipment and borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for the intended use. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Depreciation is provided on the basis of straight-line method at the useful life and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Asset class	Useful life (years)
Building	30
Plant and machinery	15
Office Equipment	3 to 5

Furniture and Fixtures	10
Vehicles	10

f. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

g. Leases

The Company as a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for factory land. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the Right-of-use asset and Statement of Profit and Loss depending upon the nature of

modification. Where the carrying amount of the Right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

h. Assets included in disposal groups classified as held for sale

Assets included in disposal groups classified as "Held for sale" if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through sale rather than through continuing use. The condition for classification of "Held for Sale" is met when the non-current asset or the disposal group is available for immediate sale and the same is highly probable of being completed within one year from the date of classification as "Held for Sale". Assets included in disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets and disposal group that ceases to be classified as "Held for Sale" shall be measured at the lower of carrying amount before the non-current asset and disposal group was classified as "Held for Sale" adjusted for any depreciation/ amortization and its recoverable amount at the date when the disposal group no longer meets the "Held for sale" criteria.

i. Inventories

All inventories except for raw material and packing material, are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Raw material and packing material held for use in the production of finished products are not written down below cost except in cases where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished products will exceed their net realisable value.

Cost for raw material and packing material is ascertained on FIFO basis and for finished goods is ascertained on weighted average cost method.

Cost of inventories comprises following:

- Raw material and packaging material: Cost includes purchase price, import duties and other taxes excluding taxes those are subsequently recoverable from the concerned authorities, freight

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition.

- Finished goods: Cost comprises cost of direct material, direct labour and appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

j. Provisions and contingencies

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are identified and disclosed with respect to following:

- a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:

- o it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
- o the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed, unless inflow of economic benefits is probable. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

k. Employee benefits

Short term benefits

Short term employee benefits are accounted for in the period during which the services have been rendered.

Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Provident Fund: Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions to the provident fund administered by the Central Government under the Provident Fund Act, 1952, are charged to the Statement of profit and loss for the year in which the contributions are due. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to a reduction in future payment.

Gratuity: The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Leave Encashment: The Company operates a long-term leave encashment plan. Accrued liability for leave encashment including sick leave is determined on actuarial valuation basis using Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Method

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

at the end of the year and provided completely in profit and loss account as per Ind AS - 19 "Employee Benefits".

I. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets, excluding trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI and FVTPL

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

De-recognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the company's continuing involvement. In that case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to the Statement of profit and loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. The company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per agreed terms. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

m. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

n. Cash flow statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method. Cash flow statement presents the cash flows by operating, financing and investing activities of the Company. Operating cash flows are arrived by adjusting profit or loss before tax for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at banks and on hand and deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding short-term borrowings from banks as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

o. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

4. Key accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

a. Defined benefit plans and other long-term benefit plan

The cost and present value of the defined benefit gratuity plan and leave encashment (other long-term benefit plan) are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate; future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation and other long-term benefits are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

b. Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets to the Company.

c. Leases

Ind AS 116 requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives.

5. Standards and recent pronouncements issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

6. Property, plant and equipment and Right-of-use assets

	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Office Equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total	Right-of-use assets
Gross Block							
Balance as at 31 March 2022	152.86	200.79	8.61	7.29	0.09	369.64	12.35
Additions during the year	23.15	5.72	0.78	0.32	-	29.97	-
Disposals during the year	(3.19)	(4.33)	(0.46)	(0.46)	-	(8.44)	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	172.82	202.18	8.93	7.15	0.09	391.17	12.35
Additions during the year	0.58	5.52	0.25	0.18	-	6.53	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	173.40	207.70	9.18	7.33	0.09	397.70	12.35
Accumulated depreciation							
Up to 31 March 2022	4.78	14.60	1.27	0.74	0.01	21.40	1.34
Depreciation charge for the year	6.22	13.12	1.15	0.71	0.01	21.21	0.41
Adjustment for disposals	(0.22)	(0.31)	(0.03)	(0.05)	-	(0.61)	-
Up to 31 March 2023	10.78	27.41	2.39	1.40	0.02	42.00	1.75
Depreciation charge for the year	6.43	13.16	1.04	0.69	0.01	21.33	0.41
Up to 31 March 2024	17.21	40.57	3.43	2.09	0.03	63.33	2.16
Net carrying value							
As at 31 March 2023	162.04	174.77	6.54	5.75	0.07	349.17	10.60
As at 31 March 2024	156.19	167.13	5.75	5.24	0.06	334.37	10.19

Notes:

- For details of assets pledged as security, refer Note 16.
- The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), are held in the name of the Company.

7. Capital work-in-progress:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Ageing schedule of capital work-in-progress (CWIP)		
Projects in progress		
< 1 Year	-	0.08
>1 Year	-	-
Projects in progress (total)	-	0.08

8. Intangible assets

	Software
Gross Block	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1.29
Additions during the year	0.03
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.32
Additions during the year	0.01
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1.33
Accumulated depreciation	
Up to 31 March 2022	0.50
Charge for the year	0.27
Up to 31 March 2023	0.77
Charge for the year	0.25
Up to 31 March 2024	1.02
Net book value as at 31 March 2023	0.55
Net book value as at 31 March 2024	0.31

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

9. Other financial assets

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current		
Security deposits	0.74	0.61
	0.74	0.61
Current		
Security deposits	0.23	0.14
Interest accrued on bank deposits	1.28	0.20
	1.51	0.34

10. Other assets

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
NON-CURRENT		
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	0.85	1.51
Prepaid expenses	3.67	5.37
	4.52	6.88
CURRENT		
Unsecured, considered good		
Balances with statutory authorities	30.37	20.50
Prepaid expenses	2.47	2.25
Others	2.23	1.03
	35.07	23.78

11. Inventories

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw materials	3.34	2.24
Packing materials	3.32	3.80
Finished goods	2.78	0.59
Stores and spares	8.51	2.89
	17.95	9.52

12. Trade Receivables

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured		
- Considered good	5.76	4.24
- Significant increase in credit risk	1.10	-
	6.86	4.24
Less: Allowance for credit loss	(1.10)	-
	5.76	4.24

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Trade receivables ageing schedule

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024						
Undisputed						
Considered good	4.56	1.20	-	-	-	5.76
Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	0.91	0.19	-	-

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2023						
Undisputed						
Considered good	3.63	0.61	-	-	-	4.24
Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

There are no disputed receivables as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

13. Cash and Bank balances

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks in current / cash credit accounts	3.22	3.05
Cash on hand	0.02	-
Deposits with original maturity up to 3 months	27.50	9.90
	30.74	12.95
(b) Other Bank Balances		
Margin Money Deposit	0.56	0.56
	0.56	0.56

14. Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
i. Authorised share capital				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	1,60,00,000	160.00	1,60,00,000	160.00
	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
ii. Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	1,29,29,454	129.29	1,09,79,454	109.79
	1,29,29,454	129.29	1,09,79,454	109.79

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

iii. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity shares				
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,09,79,454	109.79	98,79,454	98.79
Add: Issued during the year	19,50,000	19.50	11,00,000	11.00
Balance at the end of the year	1,29,29,454	129.29	1,09,79,454	109.79

iv. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares shall be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

v. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company and details of shareholding of promoters\$

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Name of the equity shareholders				
Heritage Foods Limited, India	64,64,727	50%	54,89,727	50%
Novandie , France	64,64,727	50%	54,89,727	50%
	1,29,29,454	100%	1,09,79,454	100%

\$ there was no change in the promoter's holding during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

vi. The Company has not issued any equity shares pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus shares or bought back any equity shares during the last five years preceding the balance sheet date. The period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date has been considered from the date of incorporation of the Company i.e., 28 November 2017.

15. Other equity

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Reserves and surplus		
Securities premium	689.61	514.11
Equity contribution from Joint Venturers	13.90	13.40
Retained earnings / (deficit)	(487.99)	(358.62)
Items of Other comprehensive income ("OCI")	-	-
	215.52	168.89

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Nature and purpose of reserves

Securities premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with provisions of Section 52 of the Act.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits / losses that the Company has earned till date, less dividends or other distribution to shareholders.

Equity contribution from Joint Venturers

Represents implicit cost of financial guarantees given by the Joint Venturers to the Company's bankers against the borrowings facilities availed by the Company.

16. Borrowings

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
NON-CURRENT		
Secured		
Term loan from a bank (refer note (a) below)	35.22	63.55
	35.22	63.55
Current		
Cash credit facility from a bank (refer note (b) below)	-	18.33
Current maturities of term loan from a bank	28.33	28.33
	28.33	46.66

- (a) Term loan from Bank is secured by first charge on all fixed assets and by second charge on all current assets of the Company. The interest rate is equivalent to one year MCLR + 1.4% per annum. The loan is repayable in 24 equal quarterly instalments commenced from August 2020 and ending in May 2026. The loan is guaranteed by Heritage Foods Limited in full and Novandie SNC to an extent of 50% of the sanctioned limit.
- (b) Cash credit facility from a bank is secured by first charge on the current assets of the Company, both present and future. The interest rate is equivalent to six month MCLR + 1% spread per annum, as agreed from time to time. The loan is repayable on demand. The loan is guaranteed by Heritage Foods Limited in full and Novandie SNC to an extent of 50% of the sanctioned limit.

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financial activities*

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at beginning of the year	91.88	120.22
Proceeds from long term borrowings	-	-
Repayment of long term borrowings	(28.33)	(28.34)
Balance at end of the year	63.55	91.88

*Include current and non-current portions of a term loan from a bank.

17. Lease liabilities (refer note 37)

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current	13.13	13.03
Current	1.40	1.09

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

18. Other financial liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current		
Capital creditors	4.79	5.97
Employee related payables	0.90	2.56
Other payables	3.41	1.35
Interest accrued but not due	-	0.16
	9.10	10.04

19. Other current liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advances from customers *	0.12	0.24
Payable to statutory authorities	0.57	0.50
	0.69	0.74

(*) represents contract liabilities against which the Company has recognized a revenue of ₹0.24 (31 March 2023: Nil) from the amounts included under advances from customers at the beginning of the year.

20. Provisions

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non current		
Compensated absences	0.61	0.42
	0.61	0.42
Current		
Gratuity	0.45	0.48
Compensated absences	0.15	1.23
	0.60	1.71

21. Trade payables

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises ("MSME")	0.05	1.01
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	8.18	10.02
	8.23	11.03

a) Trade payables ageing schedule:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More Than 3 Years	
As at 31 March 2024					
Undisputed					
i) MSME	0.05	-	-	-	0.05
ii) Others	8.04	0.08	-	0.07	8.18

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2023					
Undisputed					
i) MSME	1.01	-	-	-	1.01
ii) Others	10.02	-	-	-	10.02

There are no outstanding disputed dues payable as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

b) Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The management has identified enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the MSMED Act"). As at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, there are amounts ₹0.05 (31 March 2023 : ₹1.01) payable to such enterprises, based on information received and available with the Company. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the MSMED Act.

22. Revenue from operations

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sales of products	41.19	27.11
Other operating income	0.27	0.52
	41.46	27.63

(a) Reconciliation of revenue from sale of products with the contracted price

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue as per contracted price	78.39	80.31
Adjusted for:		
Sales returns	(10.23)	(19.30)
Discounts	(26.97)	(33.90)
Total revenue from contracts with customers	41.19	27.11

23. Other income

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income	5.82	1.51
Other non-operating income	0.20	2.17
	6.02	3.68

24. Cost of materials consumed*

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw materials and packing materials at the beginning of the year	6.15	3.44
Add: Purchases made during the year	40.59	49.25
Less: Raw materials and packing materials at the end of the year	(6.66)	(6.15)
	40.08	46.54

*Disclosed based on derived figures, rather than actual records of issue.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

25. Changes in inventories of finished goods

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening balance of finished goods	0.59	0.31
Closing balance of finished goods	(2.78)	(0.59)
	(2.19)	(0.28)

26. Employee benefits expense

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries and wages	32.35	42.12
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note a below)	1.27	1.83
Gratuity expense	0.40	0.53
Compensated absence expense	0.78	0.59
Staff welfare expenses	1.33	1.94
	36.13	47.01

- (a) The amount recognized as an expense towards contribution to provident fund scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounts to ₹1.27 (31 March 2023: ₹1.83).

27. Finance costs

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest on borrowings measured at amortized cost	8.19	10.64
Interest on lease liabilities	1.49	1.45
Other borrowing costs	2.20	2.18
	11.88	14.27

28. Depreciation and amortization

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on PPE	21.74	21.62
Amortization of intangible assets	0.25	0.27
	21.99	21.89

29. Other expenses

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Power and fuel	9.11	9.44
Rent	2.16	2.11
Consumption of stores and spares	1.67	0.64
Repairs and maintenance	1.55	1.83
Insurance	0.58	0.51
Rates and taxes, excluding taxes on income	2.05	1.14
Freight outwards	16.68	16.75

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Communication	0.60	0.56
Travelling and conveyance	1.76	3.22
Legal and professional fees	5.47	4.20
Payment to auditors towards statutory audit fee	0.69	0.59
Provision towards doubtful debts	1.10	-
Selling and distribution expenses	21.55	24.05
Lab testing charges	0.70	0.49
Printing and stationery	0.70	0.66
Housekeeping & Security Expenses	2.85	5.79
Bank charges	0.10	0.50
Miscellaneous expenses	1.11	0.68
	70.43	73.16

30. Deferred tax assets (net)

The Company has unrecognised net deferred tax assets of ₹126.93 as on 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: ₹93.87) on account of brought forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation, which have not been recognised on the grounds of prudence.

31. Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Accounting classification and fair values:

The carrying amount of all financial assets and financial liabilities appearing in the financial statements are reasonable approximation of their fair values.

Categories of financial instruments

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS (AT AMORTISED COST)		
Trade receivables	5.76	4.24
Cash and cash equivalents	30.74	12.95
Other bank balances	0.56	0.56
Other financial assets	2.25	0.95
	39.31	18.70
LIABILITIES (AT AMORTISED COST)		
Borrowings	63.55	110.21
Lease liabilities	14.53	14.12
Trade payables	8.23	11.03
Other financial liabilities	9.10	10.04
	95.41	145.40

The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are included at an amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between the willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

32. Financial risk management objectives and policies:

Financial Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets that the Company derives directly from its operations. The Company is exposed primarily to Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market risk (fluctuations in interest rates), which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company assesses the unpredictability of the financial environment and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks from financial assets.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and loans. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentration of credit risk.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk was ₹39.31 and ₹18.70 as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively, being the total of the carrying amount of financial assets.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

None of the Company's cash equivalents were impaired as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Financial assets that are past due but not impaired

The maximum exposure to the credit risk as at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. Credit risk is managed by the company through continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables using a simplified approach. Refer Note:12 for ageing of trade receivables.

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash and cash equivalents or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	On demand	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
As at 31 March 2024				
Borrowings	-	28.33	35.22	63.55
Lease liabilities	-	1.40	13.13	14.53
Trade payables	-	8.23	-	8.23
Other financial liabilities	-	9.10	-	9.10
	-	47.06	48.35	95.41

	On demand	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
As at 31 March 2023				
Borrowings	18.33	28.33	63.55	110.21
Lease liabilities	-	1.09	13.03	14.12
Trade payables	-	11.03	-	11.03
Other financial liabilities	-	10.04	-	10.04
	18.33	50.49	76.58	145.40

C. Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments and all short-term and long-term borrowings. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risks.

i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term obligations with floating interest rates. The impact on account of change in interest rate on the Company's long-term obligations is not considered as significant.

ii. The Company is not exposed to any other type of market risk as on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

33. Capital risk management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder's value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, borrowings from banks less cash and cash equivalents.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings	63.55	110.21
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(30.74)	(12.95)
Net debt (A)	32.81	97.26
Total equity (B)	344.81	278.68
Net debt and total equity (A) + (B)	377.62	375.94
Gearing ratio	8.69%	25.87%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the borrowings. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the lenders to immediately call back the borrowings. There was no breach in the financial covenants of any borrowings during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

34. Contingent liabilities and commitments

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
i. Contingent liabilities	-	-
ii. Commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	1.35	2.73

35. Segment reporting

Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") establishes standards for the way enterprises report information about operating segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, Operating segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources on an overall basis. The Company is in the business of manufacturing and selling of fruit and flavoured yogurts. This is the sole activity performed and thus the main source of risks and returns. The Company operates only in India and doesn't have operations in economic environments with different risks and returns. Accordingly, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under Ind AS 108, other than those already provided in the financial statements.

(a) Revenue from customers

The Company has one customer (31 March 2023: one customer) who have individually contributed more than 10% to the Company's revenue from operations during the current and previous year. The revenue from such major customer during the year amounted to ₹8.37 (31 March 2023: ₹3.76).

36. Related party disclosures

(a) Names of the related parties and nature of relationship

Names of related parties	Nature of relationship
Heritage Foods Limited ("HFL"), India	Joint Venturer
Novandie, France	
Andros Foods India Private Limited	Subsidiary of Joint Venturer - Novandie, France
Nara Brahmani	Director
Master Nara Devaansh	Relative of Director

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Names of related parties	Nature of relationship
Ahaenath Kumar (w.e.f. 30 September 2023) - Anmol Choubey (up to 27 September 2023) - Vivek Mani (up to 15 December 2022) -	Chief Executive Officer

(b) Transactions with the related parties

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i) Heritage Foods Limited		
Equity contribution (including financial guarantee)	98.00	55.50
Purchase of dairy products	10.87	14.45
Financial guarantee expense	2.20	2.20
Lease rental expense	1.25	1.09
Expenditure incurred on behalf of HNFPL	8.08	8.49
Sale of products	-	0.04
(ii) Novandie		
Equity contribution	97.50	55.00
(iii) Andros Foods India Private Limited		
Sale of Property, plant, equipment	7.54	-
Lease rental income	0.20	-
Consultancy expense	0.90	-
(iv) Nara Brahmani		
Lease rental expenses	0.07	0.02
Lease rental deposit	-	0.03
(v) Master Nara Devaansh		
Lease rental expenses	0.07	0.02
Lease rental deposit	-	0.03
(vi) Ahaenath Kumar		
Short-term employee benefits	1.79	-
Post-employment benefits	0.01	-
(vii) Anmol Choubey		
Short-term employee benefits	2.21	1.35
Post-employment benefits	0.10	0.07
(viii) Vivek Mani		
Short-term employee benefits	-	2.60

(c) Balances receivable/(payable)

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i) Heritage Foods Limited		
Trade payable	(0.26)	(2.21)
Security deposits	0.45	0.45
Rent payable	(0.12)	(0.10)
Other payables	(0.80)	(1.31)
(ii) Andros Foods India Private Limited		

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Lease rental receivable	0.12	-
Consultancy charges payable	(0.11)	-
(iii) Nara Brahmani		
Lease rental payable	-	(0.01)
Lease rental deposit	0.03	0.03
(iv) Master Nara Devaansh		
Lease rental payable	-	(0.01)
Lease rental deposit	0.03	0.03
(v) Vivek Mani		
Employee payables	0.24	0.24

Note:

Refer Note 16 for the corporate guarantee extended by the Joint Venturers for the borrowings availed by the Company.

37. Leases

The Company has leased a parcel of land from one of the joint venturers viz Heritage Foods Limited, for a period of 30 years. The lease arrangement provides for multi-year renewal option with necessary provision towards escalation up to 10% for every 2 years. There are no residual value guarantees provided to the lessor. The carrying amount for such right-of-use assets as at 31 March 2024 amounts to ₹10.19 (31 March 2023: ₹10.60).

The movement in lease liabilities is as follows:

	Amount
Balance at as at 31 March 2022	13.66
Finance cost accrued during the year	1.45
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.99)
Balance at as at 31 March 2023	14.12
Finance cost accrued during the year	1.49
Payment of lease liabilities	(1.08)
Balance at as at 31 March 2024	14.53

The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis is as follows:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than one year	1.09	1.09
One to five years	6.48	6.12
More than five years	44.75	46.20
Total	52.32	53.41

Depreciation expenses and Lease rentals paid for the year ended 31 March 2024 are ₹0.41 and ₹1.08 (31 March 2023: ₹0.41 and ₹0.99) respectively.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

38. Disclosure on Corporate Social Responsibility

The Provisions of the Act in so far as it relates to corporate social responsibilities, is not applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

39. Disclosure pursuant to requirements of Rule 11(e) (i) & (ii) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules

- (i) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries).
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

40. Key Ratios

	Notes	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	Change in %
a) Current ratio = current assets / current liabilities	(i)	1.90	0.83	129.59%
b) Debt equity ratio = (Long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings + Lease liabilities)/ Equity	(ii)	0.23	0.45	(49.24)%
c) Debt Service coverage ratio = (Net profit / loss + depreciation + finance cost) / (finance cost + lease payments + principal repayments of long-term borrowings)		(2.35)	(3.10)	(24.22)%
d) Return on equity ratio / return on investment ratio = net profit / loss after tax divided by average equity		(0.21)	(0.28)	(24.37)%
e) Inventory turnover ratio = cost of goods sold divided by average inventory @	(iii)	2.76	6.75	(59.15)%
f) Trade receivables turnover ratio = sales divided by average trade receivables	(iv)	8.24	5.34	54.37%
g) Trade payables turnover ratio = cost of goods sold divided by average trade payables		3.93	5.16	(23.71)%
h) Net capital turnover ratio = sales divided by (current assets less current liabilities)	(i)	0.94	(2.22)	(142.51)%
i) Net profit ratio = Net profit / loss after tax divided by sales	(v)	(3.18)	(6.32)	49.72%
j) Return on capital employed = (earnings before finance cost, other income and taxes) divided by average capital employed #	(v)	(7.95)	(5.61)	41.77%

@ cost of goods sold includes cost of materials consumed and changes in inventories of finished goods

capital employed = total assets - current liabilities

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Note: Reasons for change in % by more than 25% is as under

- (i) Principal reason for change in current asset ratio and net capital turnover ratio is attributed to increase in current asset on account of increase in inventory and bank balances and decrease in current liability on account of repayment of short term borrowings during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (ii) Principal reason for change in debt equity ratio is attributed to increase in equity share capital on account of issue of shares and on account of repayment of short term borrowings during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (iii) Principal reason for change in inventory turnover ratio and trade payables turnover ratio, is attributed to purchase of stores and spares for the year 31 March 2024 compared to the year ended 31 March 2023.
- (iv) Principal reason for change in trade receivables turnover ratio, is attributed to increase in revenue from operations during the year ended 31 March 2024 compared to the year ended 31 March 2023.
- (v) Principal reason for change in net profit ratio and return on capital employed, is attributed to decrease in losses during the year ended 31 March 2024 compared to the year ended 31 March 2023.

4.1. Events after the reporting period

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company has received an equity investment of ₹150 from its shareholders.

- 4.2.** The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company, has used accounting software (TCSion) which is operated by a Service Organisation. The 'Independent Service Auditor's Assurance Report on the Description of Controls, their Design and Operating Effectiveness' ('Type 2 report' issued in accordance with SAE 3402, Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organization) is not available for the year ending March 2024.

4.3. Additional disclosures

- (a) No proceeding have been initiated on or is pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- (c) No transactions are carried out with companies struck off under section 248 of the Act or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- (d) No charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

Summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

- (e) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (f) No Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Act.
- (g) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (h) There was no revaluation of Property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and Intangible assets carried out by the Company during the respective reporting periods.
- (i) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

This is the summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information as referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Heritage Novandie Foods Private Limited

Sanjay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No: 207660

Nara Brahmani

Director

DIN: 02338940

Emilie Laure Lucie Moulard Anand

Director

DIN: 08005149

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Goa
Date: 22 May 2024

Ahaenath Kumar

Chief Executive Officer

Rahul Singh

Company Secretary

M. No: ACS 72811

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Mumbai
Date: 22 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 22 May 2024


**FORM: MGT-11
PROXY FORM**
HERITAGE NOVANDIE FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860

 Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No 1286,
Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee, Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, 500033

**[Pursuant Section 105(6) of the Companies Act 2013 and Rule 19(3) of Companies
(Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]**
FORM NO: MGT-11

Name of the Member(s):	
Registered address:	
Folio No./Client Id:	DP ID:
E-mail Id:	

I/We, being the member(s) having..... Shares of the above named Company, hereby appoint:

1.	Name :	Address :
	E-mail Id :	Signature :
or failing him/her		
2.	Name :	Address:
	E-mail Id :	Signature :
or failing him/her		
3.	Name :	Address:
	E-mail Id :	Signature :

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 7th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 16th August, 2024 at 02:30 p.m. at Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee, Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, 500033 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution number	Resolutions	Vote (Optional see Note 2) (Please mention no. of shares)		
		For	Against	Abstain
Ordinary Business:				
1.	Adoption of Audited Financial Statements: To adopt the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, Statement of Profit and Loss, Cash Flow Statement & notes thereof for the year ended as on that date and the Reports of the Directors' and the Auditors' thereon.			
Special Business:				
2.	Approval of Related Party Transaction: To approve the related party transaction with Heritage Foods Limited for the for the financial year 2024-25.			

 Affix
Revenue
Stamp

Signed this.....day of.....2024

Signature of Shareholder

Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Notes:

1. This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.

2. A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.

3. A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

Proxies in order to be effective, should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, duly completed and signed, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting. A Proxy Form is attached herewith. Proxies submitted on behalf of the corporate, societies etc., must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority, as applicable.

4. This is only optional. Please put a '✓' in the appropriate column against the resolutions indicated in the Box. If you leave the 'For' or 'Against' column blank against any or all the resolutions, your Proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he/she thinks appropriate.

5. Corporate Member(s) intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the relevant Board Resolution together with their respective specimen signatures authorizing their representative(s) to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.

6. Appointing a proxy does not prevent a member from attending the meeting in person if he so wishes.

7. In the case of joint holders, the signature of any one holder will be sufficient, but names of all the joint holders.



HERITAGE NOVANDIE FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999TG2017PTC120860

Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No 1286,
Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee, Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, 500033

(Please fill this attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the Meeting Hall)

DP ID*	
Client ID*	

Folio Number	
No. of Shares	

Name & Address (in BLOCK letters):

I/we certify that I/we am/are a registered shareholder(s)/proxy(s) for the registered shareholder of the Company. I/we hereby record my/our presence at the 7th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Part-C of 3rd floor, H. No. 8-2-293/82/A/1286, Plot No. 1286, Road No. 1 & 65, Jubilee, Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, 500033 on Friday, the 16th August, 2024 at 02:30 p.m.

Signature of the Shareholder /Authorized Representative/Proxy **

* Applicable for investors holding shares in electronic form

** Strike out whichever is not applicable

